

2

1

The data should be read in conjunction with the Magnetron Preamble.

ABRIDGED DATA

Fixed frequency pulse magnetron.

| Operating frequency | $\ldots 3050\pm 25$ | MHz |
|---------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Typical peak output power | 60 | kW |
| Magnet | | . integral |
| Output | no. 10 wa | veguide |
| (72 | .14 x 34.04 mm | internal) |
| Couplermates with NATO | S.N. 5985-99-0 | 83-0058 |
| Cooling | fc | orced-air |

GENERAL DATA

Electrical

| Cathode | indirectly | heated |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------|
| Heater voltage (see note 1) | 6.3 | V |
| Heater current at 6.3 V | 1.25 | А |
| Heater starting current, peak value, | | |
| not to be exceeded | 6.0 | A max |
| Cathode pre-heating time (minimum) | 3.0 | min |

Mechanical

| Overall dimensions | see outline |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Net weight | |
| Mounting position | any |

A minimum clearance of 50 mm must be maintained between the magnetron and any magnetic materials.

Cooling (see note 2)forced-air

MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS (Absolute values)

These ratings cannot necessarily be used simultaneously, and no individual rating should be exceeded.

| | Min | Max | |
|--------------------------------|-----|--------|------|
| Heater voltage (see note 1) | 5.7 | 6.9 | V |
| Heater starting current (peak) | | 6.0 | Α |
| Anode voltage (peak) | | 9.5 | kV |
| Anode current (peak) | 8.0 | 16 | Α |
| Anode input power (mean) | | 140 | W |
| Duty cycle | | 0.00 | 1 |
| Pulse duration | | 1.2 | μs |
| Rate of rise of voltage pulse | | | |
| (see note 3) | | 150 k\ | //μs |
| VSWR at the output coupler | | 1.5:1 | |
| Anode temperature (see note 2) | | 120 | °C |



TYPICAL OPERATION Operating Conditions

| Heater voltage | 3.8 | 5.0 |) V |
|-------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| Anode current (peak) | | | - |
| Pulse duration | 1.0 | 0.5 | 5 μs |
| Pulse repetition rate | 1000 | 1000 | pps |
| Rate of rise of voltage pulse | 120 | 130 | kV/μs |

Typical Performance

| Anode voltage (peak) | 8.75 | 9.3 | kV |
|----------------------|------|-----|----|
| Output power (peak) | 44 | 60 | kW |
| Output power (mean) | 44 | 33 | W |

Whilst e2v technologies has taken care to ensure the accuracy of the information contained herein it accepts no responsibility for the consequences of any use thereof and also reserves the right to change the specification of goods without notice. e2v technologies accepts no liability beyond the set out in its standard conditions of sale in respect of infringement of third party patents arising from the use of tubes or other devices in accordance with information contained herein.

e2v technologies (uk) limited, Waterhouse Lane, Chelmsford, Essex CM1 2QU United Kingdom Holding Company: e2v technologies plc

Telephone: +44 (0)1245 493493 Facsimile: +44 (0)1245 492492

Contact e2v by e-mail: <u>enquiries@e2v.com</u> or visit <u>www.e2v.com</u> for global sales and operations centres.

© e2v technologies (uk) limited 2016 Template: DF764388A-3

TEST CONDITIONS AND LIMITS

The magnetron is tested to comply with the following electrical specification.

| Test Conditions | Osci | llation 1 | Oscill | ation 2 | Oscill | ation 3 | |
|---|---------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---------|-------|
| Heater voltage (for test) | | .5.0 | 5 | 5.0 | 3 | 3.8 | V |
| Anode current (mean) | | | 2 | 1.2 | 15 | 5 | mÅ |
| Duty cycle | | | C | 0.00028 | (| 0.001 | |
| Pulse duration (see note 4) | | .0.55 | C | 0.07 | | 1.0 | μS |
| VSWR at the output coupler | | | 1 | .15:1 | | 1.15:1 | max |
| Rate of rise of voltage pulse (see note | 9 3) 15 | 50 min | | - | | - | kV/μs |
| Limits | | | | | | | |
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Anode voltage (peak) | 8.5 | 9.5 | - | - | - | - | kV |
| Output power (mean) | | - | - | - | - | - | W |
| Frequency (see note 5) | 3025 | 3075 | _ | _ | _ | _ | MHz |

| Frequency (see note 5) | 3075 | - | - | - | - | MHz |
|--|------|---|-----|---|-----|----------|
| RF bandwidth at 1/4 power (see note 6) | 4.0 | - | 30 | - | - | MHz |
| Frequency pulling (VSWR not less than 1.5:1) | 13 | - | - | - | - | MHz |
| Frequency pushing (see note 6) | 1.5 | - | - | - | - | MHz/A |
| Stability (see note 7) | 0.1 | - | 0.1 | - | 0.1 | % |
| Cold impedance | | | | | se | e note 8 |
| Heater current | | | | | see | e note 9 |

Temperature coefficient of frequency see note 10

LIFE TEST

Test Canditions

The quality of all production is monitored by the random selection of tubes which are then life-tested under Test Conditions Oscillation 1. If the tube is to be operated under conditions other than those specified herein, e2v technologies should be consulted to verify that the life of the magnetron will not be impaired.

End of Life Criteria (under Test Conditions Oscillation 1)

| | Min | Max | |
|--|-----|--------|----|
| Output power (mean) RF bandwidth at ¼ power | .22 | - | W |
| (see note 6) | | 5.0 M | Hz |
| Frequency | 025 | 3075 M | Hz |
| Stability (see note 7) | | 0.2 | % |

NOTES

1. With no anode input power.

On the application of anode power, the heater voltage must be reduced as follows:

V_{hmax} = 6.3 [1 - Pi/280] volts

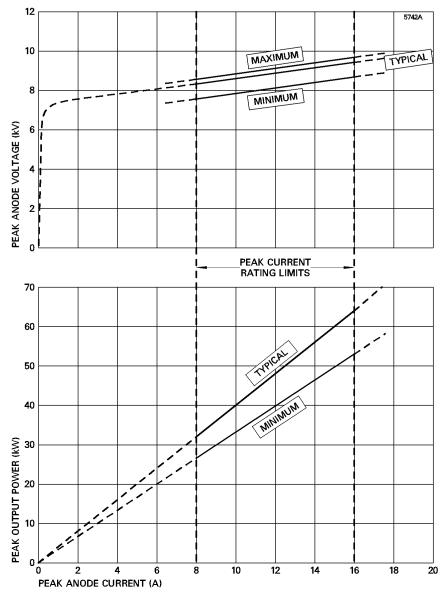
 $V_{hmin} = 6.3 [1 - Pi/200]$ volts

where Pi = mean input power in watts.

The magnetron heater must be protected against arcing by the use of a minimum capacitance of 4000 pF shunted across the heater directly at the input terminals; in some cases a capacitance as high as 2 μ F may be necessary depending on the equipment design. For further details see the Magnetron Preamble.

- 2. The anode temperature must be kept below the limit specified by means of a suitable flow of air over the anode body.
- 3. Defined as the steepest tangent to the leading edge of the voltage pulse above 80% amplitude. Any capacitance in the viewing system must not exceed 6.0 pF. The maximum rate of rise of voltage for stable operation depends upon detailed characteristics of the applied pulse and the pulser design. The specified maximum rating applies to typical hard tube pulsers.
- 4. Tolerance \pm 30%.
- 5. Other frequency ranges can be supplied on request.
- 6. Measured as the peak anode current is varied between 10 and 16 A.
- 7. With the magnetron operating into a VSWR of 1.5:1, phased to give maximum instability. Pulses are defined as missing when the RF energy level is less than 70% of the normal energy level in the frequency range 3025 to 3075 MHz. Missing pulses are expressed as a percentage of the number of input pulses applied during any 5 minutes of a 15 minute test period.
- 8. The impedance of the magnetron measured at the operating frequency when not oscillating will be such as to give a VSWR of at least 10:1, with a voltage minimum 43 to 61 mm from the output flange away from the anode.
- 9. Measured with heater voltage of 6.3 V and no anode input power, the heater current limits are 1.1 A minimum, 1.4 A maximum.
- 10. Design test only. The maximum frequency change with anode temperature change (after warming) is -0.07 MHz/°C.
- 11. Measurements taken 'as read' using suitably calibrated equipment.

PERFORMANCE CHART



HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS

e2v technologies magnetrons are safe to handle and operate, provided that the relevant precautions stated herein are observed. e2v technologies does not accept responsibility for damage or injury resulting from the use of electronic devices it produces. Equipment manufacturers and users must ensure that adequate precautions are taken. Appropriate warning labels and notices must be provided on equipments incorporating e2v technologies devices and in operating manuals.



Equipment must be designed so that personnel cannot come into contact with high voltage circuits. All high voltage circuits and terminals must be enclosed and fail-safe interlock switches must be fitted to disconnect the primary power supply and discharge all high voltage capacitors and other stored charges before allowing access. Interlock switches must not be bypassed to allow operation with access doors open.

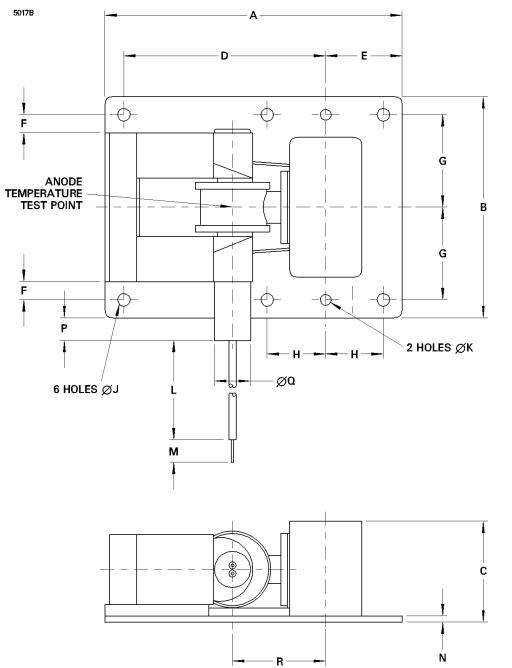


Personnel must not be exposed to excessive RF radiation. All RF connectors must be correctly fitted before operation so that no leakage of RF energy can occur and the RF output must be coupled efficiently to the load. It is particularly dangerous to look into open waveguide or coaxial feeders while the device is energised. Screening of the cathode sidearm of high power magnetrons may be necessary.

X-Ray Radiation

High voltage magnetrons emit a significant intensity of Xrays not only from the cathode sidearm but also from the output waveguide. These rays can constitute a health hazard unless adequate shielding for X-ray radiation is provided. This is a characteristic of all magnetrons and the X-rays emitted correspond to a voltage much higher than that of the anode.

OUTLINE (All dimensions without limits are nominal)



| Ref | Millimetres |
|-----|--------------------------|
| А | 165.1 max |
| В | 123.2 max |
| С | 60.0 max |
| D | 111.13 ± 0.13 |
| Е | 43.18 ± 0.51 |
| F | 11.09 |
| G | 51.59 ± 0.10 |
| Н | 32.54 ± 0.10 |
| J | + 0.15 7.14 - 0.00 |
| Κ | 6.50 ± 0.05 |
| L | 305.0 ± 5.0 |
| М | 12.7 |
| Ν | 3.1 min |
| Ρ | 20.0 max |
| Q | 22.0 |
| R | 48.0 |

Lead Connections

| Colour | Element |
|--------|-----------------|
| Green | Heater |
| Yellow | Heater, cathode |